Tools, Habits and Conversations

Week 1: Good times together

Plan a date together

		Mon	Tuez	Wed	Thury	Fri	Sat	Sun
7007	Morning							
	Afternoon							
**)	Τ,							
	Evening							

My turn / your turn to organise what we do.

This week, we could.....

GOLDEN RULE: Never change your date without consulting your partner.

11

Date night for us is a fun time, when we're relaxing and doing something different to our normal routine. Sometimes it's during the day, but usually it's in the evening for at least two hours around a meal.

NICKY AND SILA LEE

When I first saw you on our wedding day I felt...



Conversation starter on your next date:

Ask each other, 'What have been the best dates we've been on together?' Why were those times together so enjoyable for you?



Week 2: Communicating well

Plan a date together

		Mon	Tuez	Wed	Thury	Fri	Sat	Sun
Hoory	Morning							
	N++							
	Afternoon							
**	Evening							

My turn / your turn to organise what we do.

This week, we could.....

Two people can be living in the same house, sleeping in the same bed, yet, if they don't communicate at the level of their feelings, they can be like strangers towards each other.

I love talking about...



I find it difficult to talk about...

Have a conversation using the 'Reflective Listening' tools (page 33). Take it in turns to choose an issue you haven't discussed recently.

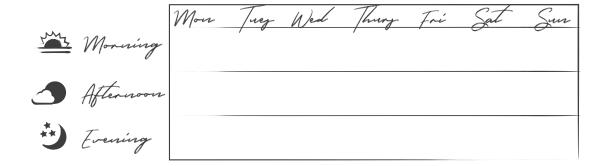
Conversation starter on your next date:

Ask each other, 'If money and time was no object, what would be your ideal holiday destination?' Get specific! What kind of place would it be? Where would you eat? What would you do all day?



Week 3: Handling disagreements

Plan a date together



My turn / your turn to organise what we do.

This week, we could.....

Three things I love about you...



- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

One key difference between us is...



Discuss how this can be a strength, not a weakness, in your relationship.

One area I could make an effort to change for the sake of our relationship is...



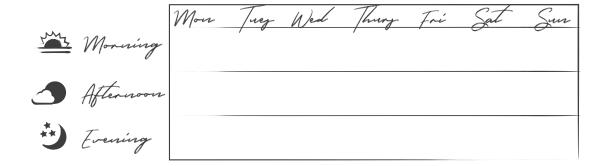
Conversation starter on your next date:

Ask each other, 'What good traditions or habits have we created in our marriage?' If you can't think of any, talk about how you could create some traditions that are unique to you. They may seem relatively trivial but they will build special memories in your marriage.

For example: an early morning swim each New Year's Day; a takeaway every Wednesday; going away on a particular weekend every year; creating a playlist for each other's birthdays.

Week 4: Keeping the drain clear

Plan a date together



My turn / your turn to organise what we do.

This week, we could.....

This week I appreciated it when you...



When you feel hurt, are you able to tell your partner?



Do you think it is important to actually say the words 'I'm sorry' (without making excuses) and 'I forgive you'?



This process of forgiveness will eventually become second nature but, until you get used to it, it can be helpful to follow the steps in the forgiveness session:

- 1. Talk about the hurt
- 2. Say sorry
- 3. Forgive

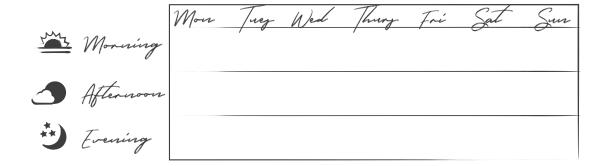
If one of you is feeling hurt by your partner, work through the 'Healing Unresolved Hurt' conversation on page 73.

Conversation starter on your next date:

Tell your partner what you see in them that you don't see in anyone else. Tell them things that you are grateful to them for, things you admire in them and things that you see as emerging qualities in them.

Week 5: Wider family relationships

Plan a date together



My turn / your turn to organise what we do.

This week, we could.....

When we support one another and put in a right boundary, it gives us a great sense of emotional closeness and it prevents family members from driving a wedge between us.

You make me feel so valued when you...



What did you discover on the course about the differences between your families?



What changes have you agreed to put in place to better support / improve your relationships with your parents / in-laws / wider family?



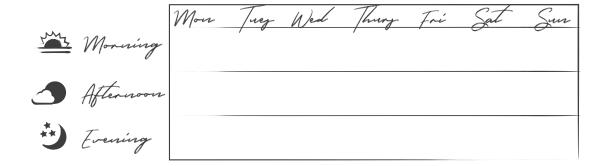
Conversation starter on your next date:

Ask each other, 'What does your ideal weekend look like?' If it seems your weekends are more geared to one of you than the other, talk about how you could balance it out and do more of the things that the other one likes to do.



Week 6: Strengthening your physical connection

Plan a date together



My turn / your turn to organise what we do.

This week, we could.....

I feel so loved when you...



Based on your Continuing Conversation on page 108, talk about what you each can do to make your sexual relationship more enjoyable for your partner.



I feel in the mood for sex when you...



Tell each other what you enjoy - don't leave it to guesswork.

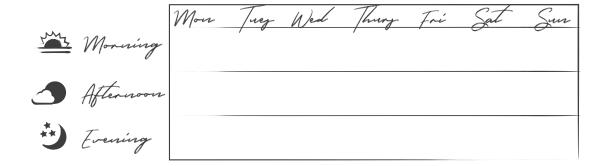
Conversation starter on your next date:

What has been the season in our relationship when we've had the most fun together? Why do you think that was? What was happening at that time? How could we engender more fun and more laughter in our relationship now?



Week 7: Using the love languages

Plan a date together



My turn / your turn to organise what we do.

This week, we could.....

Love is about what we do – it involves action and is a choice we make for the sake of another person that will always cost us something.

Go back to Conversation 3 on page 120



My main love languages are...

Your main love languages are...

Ask your partner to complete the sentence for you:

One thing I could do to make you feel loved is...



Ask each other:

When have your different love languages caused misunderstanding between you?



To ensure my partner feels loved in the future, I will regularly...



Conversation starter on your next date:

What do you think will help us most to keep having regular dates in 10, 20 or 30 years' time? What difference will it make in our marriage?



Appendix 1

Resolving common areas of conflict





The following four exercises help couples recognise the reasons behind common areas of conflict:

Money and possessions: page 146

Household chores: page 149

How you spend your free time: page 152

Parenting: page 155

Complete and discuss together the exercise(s) relevant to you.

Exercise 1 – Money and possessions

 Each of you circle the phrases that best describe your feelings (and the messages you received from your family) about money and possessions as you grew up.

Scrimped and saved	Broken things mended	Always short of money
Had everything we wanted	Broken things thrown away	Always enough money
Had everything we needed		
Worried about family running out of money No worries about money	Encouraged to give money / possessions away Saved as much as possible	Enjoyed shopping – seen as a leisure activity Shopping kept to a minimum
Money spent only on essentials Money spent on luxuries	Credit cards made use of Credit cards avoided	Loved getting presents Loved giving presents
Took plenty of time to relax Adults always working	Taught how to save money Not taught how to save money	Confident handling money Confusion or fear about money
Felt self-sufficient as a family Money / bills caused arguments	Family finances remained a mystery Family finances explained	As a child given allowance / taught to handle money Adults handled all money
146		

Other significant words / phrases that describe your attitude to money and possessions now:

Show each other what you have put and discuss any differences.

2. Our values regarding money and possessions (ie what is most important to us).

For example:

- 1. Not worrying about money
- 2. Honesty
- 3. Generosity
- 4. Saving as much as possible
- 5. Sticking to our budget

Write your own list before looking at your partner's and writing your 'agreed list'.

My list	Our agreed list
1.	1.
2.	2.
3.	3.
4.	4.
5.	5.

Exercise 1 (continued)

Write down an area of conflict regarding money and possessions. Together
write down any possible solutions you can think of. Then put your agreed
solution for now.

For example:

Issue	Possible solutions	Agreed solution for now
Car keeps breaking down	Buy another car now Spend enough money to	Find a different mechanic
	mend the car properly Change the car in 6 months	
	Use public transport	
	Find a different mechanic	
	Change the car the next time it breaks down	

Issue	Possible solutions	Agreed solution for now

Exercise 2 – Household chores

1. Each of you circle the phrases that best describe your feelings (and the messages you received from your family as you grew up) about household chores.

Housework shared – no traditional gender roles Traditional roles (eg mother cooked; father did maintenance) Employed a cleaner / other household staff	Grew up in city (with no garden) Grew up in suburbs (some outdoor work) Grew up in country / on a farm (lots of outdoor work)
Chores assigned in an organised manner Children not expected to help around the house Children responsible for many household chores	Parent(s) did a lot of DIY projects / maintenance Parents preferred to call contractor when things needed repair
Grew up in neat, organised home Grew up in messy, disorganised home	Confident with DIY projects Uncomfortable with DIY
House cleaned and tidied regularly Allowed mess to accumulate and then cleaned	Take turns to do chores as and when needed (relaxed approach) Prefer to divide chores and have fixed roles Create a chart for who does what
Enjoyed helping around the house as a child Disliked helping around the house as a child	Enjoy cooking Do not enjoy cooking Please turn over

Exercise 2 (continued)

Other significant words / phrases that describe your attitude to household chores:

Show each other what you have put and discuss any differences.

2. Our values regarding household chores (ie what is most important for us).

For example:

- 1. Share household chores equally
- 2. Make our home feel 'lived in' and relaxed
- 3. Pay for household maintenance
- 4. Keep our home clean and tidy
- 5. Limit the amount of time we spend on household chores and DIY

Write your own list before looking at your partner's and writing your 'agreed list'.

My list	Our agreed list
1.	1.
2.	2.
3.	3.
4.	4.
5.	5.

3. Write down an area of conflict regarding household chores. Each write down any possible solutions you can think of. Then put your agreed solution for now.

For example:

Issue	Possible solutions	Agreed solution for now
Both husband and wife are employed full-time – who does the cleaning?	Do chores as needed – whoever has the time Create a chart, assigning chores to each person Take turns each week / weekend Employ someone to clean the house Do chores together at weekends Assign some chores to older children	Create a chart to assign chores and employ a cleaner to come in once each week
Issue	Possible solutions	Agreed solution for now

Exercise 3 – How you spend free time

 Each of you circle the words or phrases that best describe your feelings (and the messages you received from your family as you grew up) about how to spend free time.

Structured and planned Flexible and spontaneous	Preferred spending summer holidays staying with wider family Preferred holidays spent at home	Weekends well planned Weekends relaxed and casual Weekends used for socialising Weekends used to catch up on chores
Relaxing, low activity holidays	Luxury travel	TV watched infrequently
High activity holidays	Budget travel	TV a central part of family life
Play a lot of sport on holiday		
Enjoyed having guests in our home	Involved in many sports / activities	Mealtimes central to family life
Preferred not having many guests in our home	Hobbies / intellectual pursuits important	No importance attached to mealtimes
	Not involved in many activities or sports	
Parents went out together frequently without children	Public holidays spent at home	Most free time spent as a couple
Parents stayed at home and we had fun together as a	Public holidays spent visiting family	Most free time spent as an individual
family		Most free time spent with friends and family
Ate many meals	Spent a lot of time with extended family	Morning person – get up early and go to bed early
Ate many meals in restaurants	Rarely saw extended family	Evening person – sleep in late and stay up late

Other significant words / phrases that describe your attitude regarding how you like to spend your free time:

Show each other what you have put and discuss any differences.

2. Our values regarding free time (ie what is most important to us).

For example:

- 1. Structured / planned
- 2. Travelling together
- 3. Mealtimes important
- 4. Entertain friends in our home
- 5. Time to pursue individual hobbies

Write your own list before looking at your partner's and writing your 'agreed list'.

My list	Our agreed list
1.	1.
2.	2.
3.	3.
4.	4.
5.	5.

Exercise 3 (continued)

3. Write down an area of conflict regarding how you spend free time. Each write down any possible solutions you can think of. Then put your agreed solution for now.

For example:

Issue	Possible solutions	Agreed solution for now	
Where to spend Christmas	Visit family further away Divide holiday between family time and time on own Host both families at home Go away for Christmas Choose destination / resort for families to meet together Take turns each year visiting different sides of the family	Spend Christmas alone at home and then travel to see extended family after Christmas Day	
Issue	Possible solutions	Agreed solution for now	

Exercise 4 – Parenting

1. Each of you circle the words or phrases that best describe your feelings (and the messages you received from your family as you grew up) about parenting.

Strict / disciplinarian Relaxed / informal Balance of love and firm boundaries	Lots of affection and expressions of love Little affection and expressions of love	Encouraging / accepting Performance-based and somewhat critical
No arguing in front of children A lot of arguing in front of children	Encouraged to express negative emotions Stoic and non- emotional	Spanking used to discipline 'Time out', grounding and other forms of discipline used Children allowed to do what they liked
Attended church and prayed together Did not regularly attend church or pray together	Parents very involved in children's activities Parents not very involved in children's activities	Encouraged as children to be increasingly independent Sheltered – independence not encouraged
Money invested in education No money available to invest in education No desire to invest in education	Pressure to achieve Relaxed and allowed to find own level	Calm and quiet – disagreements avoided Disagreements aired with much discussion and passion
Allowed as much screen time as liked	Regularly spent time as a family having fun together	Morning person – get up early and go to bed early
Limited on amount of screen time allowed	Rarely had fun together as a family Dreaded being together as a family	Evening person – sleep in late and stay up late
		Please turn over

Exercise 4 (continued)

Other significant words / phrases that describe your attitude to parenting:

Show each other what you have put and discuss any differences.

2 Our values regarding parenting (ie what is most important for us).

For example:

- 1. Set clear boundaries for the children
- 2. Be affectionate (lots of hugs and kisses)
- 3. Spend regular time together as a family having fun
- 4. Support each other in front of the children
- 5. Pass on spiritual values

Write your own list before looking at your partner's and writing your 'agreed list'.

My list	Our agreed list	
1.	1.	
2.	2.	
3.	3.	
4.	4.	
5.	5.	

3. Write down an area of conflict regarding parenting. Each write down any possible solutions you can think of. Then put your agreed solution for now.

For example:

Issue	Possible solutions	Agreed solution for now		
How to balance work and raising children – should both parents work outside home?	One parent works part-time One parent works from home Mother stays at home with children until they go to school Father stays at home with children	Mother stays at home with children until they go to school and then returns to work		
Issue	Possible solutions	Agreed solution for now		

Appendix 2

Creating a budget





(see also The Marriage Book, Appendix 3: 'Working out a budget')

Money management tips from CAP:

Create a budget

Agree a budget together and stick to it. It might sound simple, but this is the easiest way to keep track of how much money you have and exactly what you're spending it on.

Save, save, save!

Even if you can only afford to save a small amount each month, eventually it all adds up. Having a savings pot you can dip into when facing unexpected costs could be a lifesaver. What about planning ahead for specific things like Christmas?

Do your research

If you've been with the same supplier for over a year, the chances are you're paying more than you need to for energy. By researching the different options available, you can find the cheapest deal that suits your individual needs.

Pay with cash

Pay with cash instead of card. By handing over physical money, you can stay aware of what you're buying. This also means that when the money's gone, it's gone, which might make you think twice about that thing you 'really need'.

If you want to find out more about Christians Against Poverty, visit us at capuk.org. To book on to a CAP Money Course in your area visit **capmoneycourse.org**.

Monthly Budget Planner

Average monthly	income (work out annual figure)		
Joint salaries			£
Other sources of in	ncome		£
Total (1)	£ ÷ 12		£ (monthly)
Fixed regular expenditure (work out annual figure)		Actual	Budget
Rent/mortgage		£	£
Council tax		£	£
Services (gas, elec	tricity, water)	£	£
Insurance		£	£
Loan repayment		£	£
Travel (season tick	et)	£	£
Car – tax, insuranc	ce	£	£
Charitable giving		£	£
Other		£	£
Total (2)	£÷12	£ (monthly)	£ (monthly)
Flexible 'essential	' expenditure (estimate annual figure)		
Household (food, a	chemist etc)	£	£
Clothes / shoes		£	£
Car running costs		£	£
Telephone		£	£
Other		£	£
Total (3)	£÷12	£ (monthly)	£(monthly)
Flexible 'non-ess	ential' expenditure (estimate annual figure)		
Entertainment / ha	-	£	£
Presents		£	£
Sport / leisure		£	£
Holidays		£	£
Going out		£	£
Other		£	£
Total (4)	£ ÷ 12		£ (monthly)
Monthly sum for s	avings/emergencies	,-	,.
Total (5)	avings/emergenees	£	£
Add together tota (2, 3, 4, 5)	l monthly expenditure	£	£
Compare to total	monthly income (1)	£	£

Appendix 3

Building healthy relationships with our wider families

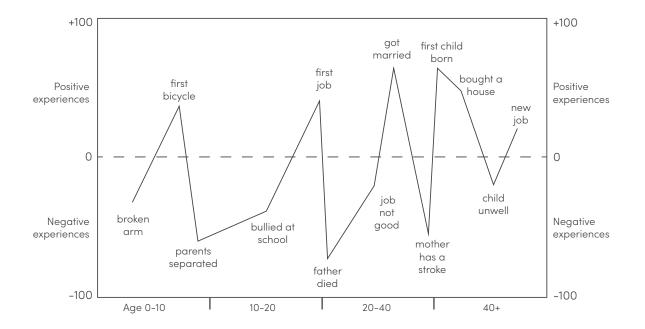




A. Being aware of our past

Spend 10 minutes filling in your 'Life Graph' overleaf (example below).

- record the most significant events that come to mind
- put positive experiences above the 'neutral line', between 0 and +100
- put negative experiences below the 'neutral line', between 0 and -100
- show your partner what you have put
- tell your partner what you felt then and what you feel now about these events
- where one of you has been hurt by others during your upbringing, check that you are both going through the steps for 'Healing childhood pain' (page 86)



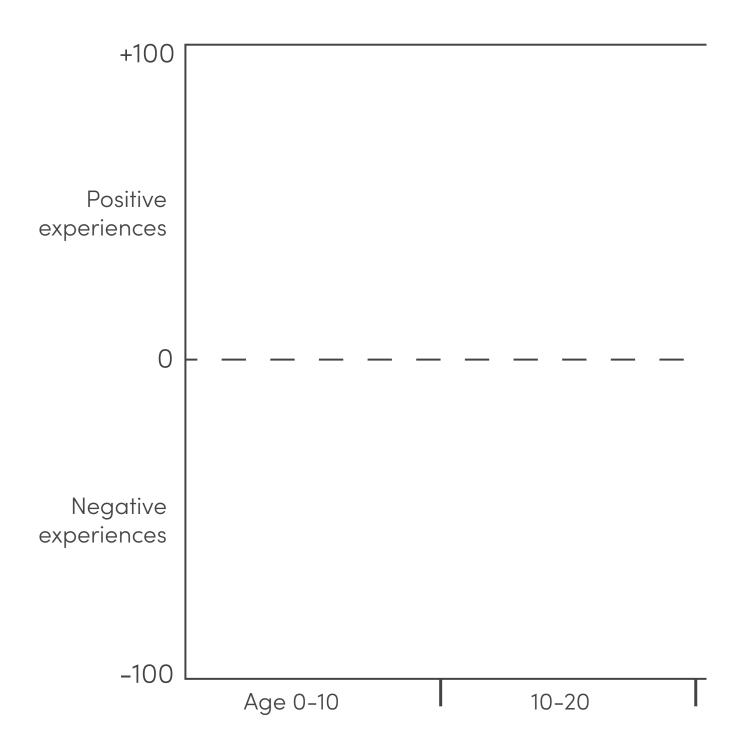
B. Maintaining healthy boundaries

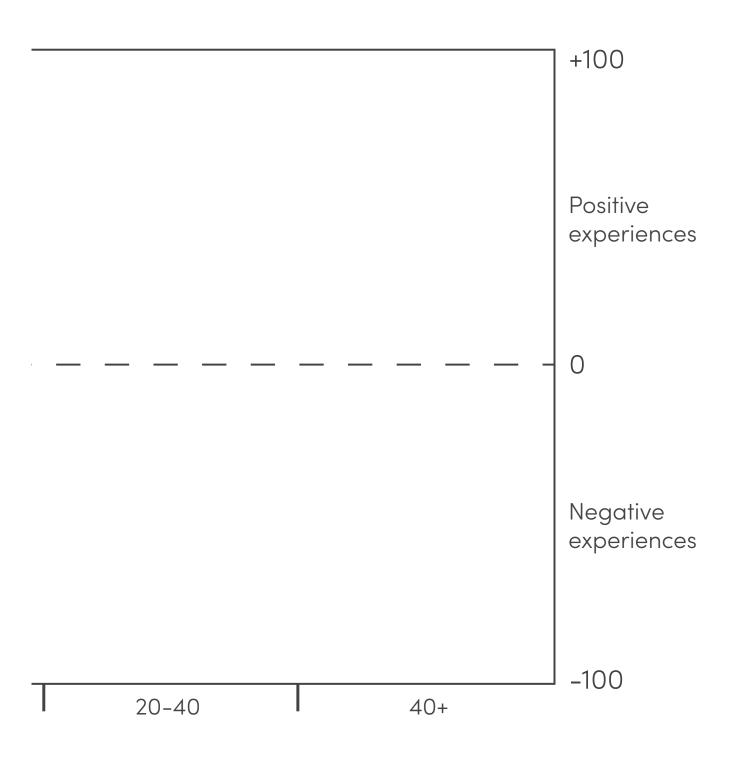
Each of you should fill in the following questions on your own, and then exchange your answers. Please consider carefully what your partner has written. Discuss the significant issues – pay particular attention to an issue that your partner has highlighted and you have not. You may need to adjust some of your own answers as a result.

- 1. Do your parents (seek to) control or interfere in your decisions and the direction of your lives? If so, specify the ways.
- 2. Have you ever noticed an unhealthy emotional dependence between you and a parent, or your partner and a parent? If so, in what way?
- 3. Are there issues relating to your parents (in-law) that cause tension or arguments between you?

 For example: 'There is often tension between us when I have spent a long time on the phone with one of my parents.'
- 4. In what way could you support your partner with regard to your parents and in-laws?
- 5. In what way could your partner support you with regard to your parents and in-laws?
- 6. Do you or your partner have unmet childhood needs?
 a) If so, how could you help your partner?
 - b) How could your partner help you?

Life Graph





Acknowledgements

We are very grateful indeed to the following people and organisations for their valuable contributions to The Marriage Course:

Dr Roger Bretherton, Psychologist, University of Lincoln

Dr Gary Chapman, author of *The Five Love Languages*®, for his book on which the concept and journal notes for Session 7 are based.

Dr Henry Cloud, Psychologist and co-author of Boundaries in Marriage

Dr Mosun Dorgu, Child and adolescent psychiatrist

Dr Sue Johnson, Clinical Psychologist and author of *Hold Me Tight*

John Kirkby CBE, Founder of CAP (Christians Against Poverty). For more infomation about this organisation visit capuk.org

Rob Parsons OBE, Founder of Care for the Family, for his inspiration, stories and illustrations that we have used throughout. For more information about his work, please visit careforthefamily.org.uk

Dr Xuefu Wang, Psychotherapist and founder of the Zhi Mian Institute for Psychotherapy

Emma Waring RGN, Psychosexual Therapist and Author

David and Teresa Ferguson, of Intimate Life Ministries, whose expertise and encouragement have helped us enormously, especially with Sessions 1 and 4. For more information about their work, contact: Intimate Life Ministries, 2511 S. Lakeline Blvd, Austin, Texas, TX78759; or visit greatcommandment.net

Peter and Barbie Reynolds, for their demonstration of effective listening, the inspiration for the model example in Session 2.

Acorn Christian Foundation, for their Just Listen! course, on which much of the material on listening in Session 2 is based. For more information about their work, please visit acornchristian.org